Statement

The States & Union Territory-wise number of new TB cases reported during the year 1994-95 to 1996-97

Sl.No	Name of the State / Union Territory	1994-95 No. of cases Reported	1995-96 No. of cases Reported	1996-97 No. of Cases Reported
1.	Andhra Pradesh	68.11	65999	65680
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	3567	3,296	2,880
3.	Assam	14,963	15,757	20,108
4.	Bihar	64,294	113,409	112,710
5.	Goa	3,245	3,432	2,974
6.	Gujarat	151,572	157,074	116,158
7.	Haryana		21,751	35,267
8.	Himachal Pradesh	12,756	16,079	12,084
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	14,203	7,302	11.014
10.	Karnataka	68,713	67,311	71,776
11.	Kerala	27,340	27,972	36,829
12.	Madhya Pradesh	76,942	72,803	90,858
13.	Maharashtra	134,893	204,569	190,630
14.	Manipur	4,995	3,959	6,645
15.	Meghalaya	2,115	2,614	4,618
16.	Mizoram	910	1,067	1,223
17.	Nagaland	1,348	1,192	1,350
18.	Orissa	29,873	29,871	40,650
19.	Punjab	37,576	42,341	48,260
20.	Rajasthan	36,284	36,228	69,344
21.	Sikkim	1,255	2,220	2,800
22.	Tamil Nadu	102,935	98,665	104,823
23.	Tripura	2,067	2,107	2,523
24.	Uttar Pradesh	268,862	265,079	279,789
25.	West Bengal	74,921	67,817	74,352
26.	Pondicherry	4553	3,311	3,401
27.	A & N Islands	472	1,954	635
28.	Chandigarh	1746	1,383	1,711
29.	D & N Haveli	209	725	300
30.	Delhi	37534	51,603	42,951
31.	Lakshadweep	154	194	160
32.	Daman & Diu	731	611	244
	Total	1,249,139	1,389,695	1454952*

*Provisional

P. Falciparum Malaria deaths in Gujarat and other peninsular states

986. SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that cases of P. Falciparum malaria and deaths due to malaria are rapidly increasing amongst the tribals inhabiting Gujarat and other peninsular States of the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof for the last three years, year-wise, stating the number of malaria cases reported and the deaths

occured, particularly amongst the tribals, State-wise; and

(c) the remedial measures Government propose to take to eradicate malaria in such tribal areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) Under the National Malaria Eradication Programme, the epidamiological data is compiled on the basis of fever cases reported in the Primary Health Centre and from surveillance workers by domiciliary visits. The data is not compiled on the basis of cases pertaining to any ethnic group.

Further, malaria and P. falciparum malaria is generally predominant in areas which are inhabited by tribal population in the seven peninsular States including Gujarat.

(b) The information regarding malaria cases, P. falciparum malaria cases and deaths due to malaria during the last three calender years recorded in the seven peninsular States is given in the enclosed Statement. (*See* below)

(c) The remedial measures to contain Malaria in the Country including the 7 peninsular States are:—

—100% Central assistance is being provided to the 7 north-eastern states since December, 1994.

—Early diagnosis and prompt treatment of malaria cases through Primary Health Care System, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Malaria Clinics etc. and Drug Distribution Centres, Fever Treatment Depots at the village level is undertaken by the State Governments.

—Vector control through insecticidal spray in rural areas and anti-larval operations in urban areas as per schedule on the basis of technical assessment.

—Intensification of Information, Education and Communication activities for mobilising active community participation.

—Observance of anti-Malaria Month in June every year beginning from June, 1997 to create public aware-other vector borne diseases and to propagate the theme "Malaria Control Everyone's Concern" to make it a people's movement in the country.

Further, an enhanced Malaria Control Project with the World Bank support to cover essentially 100 districts in 7 States of Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa and Rajasthan as well as 19 towns/cities having high endemicity of malaria has since been successfully negotiated with the World Bank.

Apart from supporting certain ongoing strategies, the proposed project would facilitae the use of newer bio-friendly interventions such as Synthetic Pyrethroids, Medicated Mosquito nets, Biolarvicides, larvivorous fishes, apart from Dipstick Blood Testing technique Information Education and Communciation activities and improved Management Information System.

Statement

Number of malaria cases P. falciparum malaria and deaths due to malaria, as per reports received from State Health authorities, during the last three calender years in 7 peninsular States

State	Year	No. of positive cases	P. falciparum cases	Death
Andhra Pradesh	1997 (upto May)	42725	17792	7
	1996	126422	59202	15

State	Year	No. of positive cases	P. falciparum cases	Death
	1995	98013	40803	8
	1994	90301	32227	9
Bihar	1997 (upto Feb.)	2067	1163	0
	1996	62301	34044	86
	1995	86722	55627	50
	1994	71900	46367	12
Gujarat	1997 (upto May)	21052	2858	0
	1996	135128	28664	2
	1995	191028	44932	9
	1994	242456	63494	14
Madhya Pradesh	1997 (upto May)	62232	28329	1
	1996	476900	203378	47
	1995	483663	223718	28
	1994	323628	151440	28
Maharashtra	1997 (upto May)	56492	12189	1
	1996	315343	84016	111
	1995	368796	132841	199
	1994	330699	103616	9
Orissa	1997 (upto April)	96671	81556	57
	1996	458554	395873	362
	1995	369777	317284	271
	1994	332046	284346	78
Rajasthan	1997 (upto May)	39041	6894	0
	1996	292584	69667	90
	1995	250780	45027	70
	1994	241255	94020	452

Installation of incinerators in the City Hospital

987. SHRI SOLIPETA RAMACHANDRA REDDY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken any steps to implement the orders passed by the Apex Court about installing incinerators in all the city hospitals and nursing homes with over 50 beds; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. In order to implement the directives of the Supreme Court, orders for installation of an incinerator for Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital have been issued. Action has also been initiated to provide additional incinerator for Safdarjung Hospital, Lady Hardinge Medical College & Associated Hospitals and All India Instt. of Medical Sciences, New Delhi to supplement the incinerators alrady installed. Government of NCT Delhi, Municipal Corporation of Delhi and New Delhi Municipal Council are also taking action to implement the directives of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Upgradation of CGHS pharmacists

988. SHRI S.S. ALLUWALLIA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether phermacists of CGHS, in the modern system of Medicine, Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy,